

## Join us for the next FARM OFFICE LIVE

### **March Topics:**

- **>Updates on FSA Programs**
- ➤ Federal Tax Law Update/Medicaid Planning Review
- Financial Efficiency Review for Grain Farms
- >Fertilizer Update/Crop Budgets Outlook

Register or watch replays at go.osu.edu/farmofficelive

Register once and receive links to join future programs

Each session includes timely updates and Q&A time on topics of interest.

OSU Extension's Farm Office Team

Peggy Kirk Hall
David Marrison
Dianne Shoemaker
Barry Ward
Robert Moore

March 16, 7 - 8:30 pm March 18, 10 - 11:30 am

> Save the date! We will be back April 20, 7-8:30 pm

> > Farm Office - Your farm's ag law and farm management resource partner.

farmoffice.osu.edu











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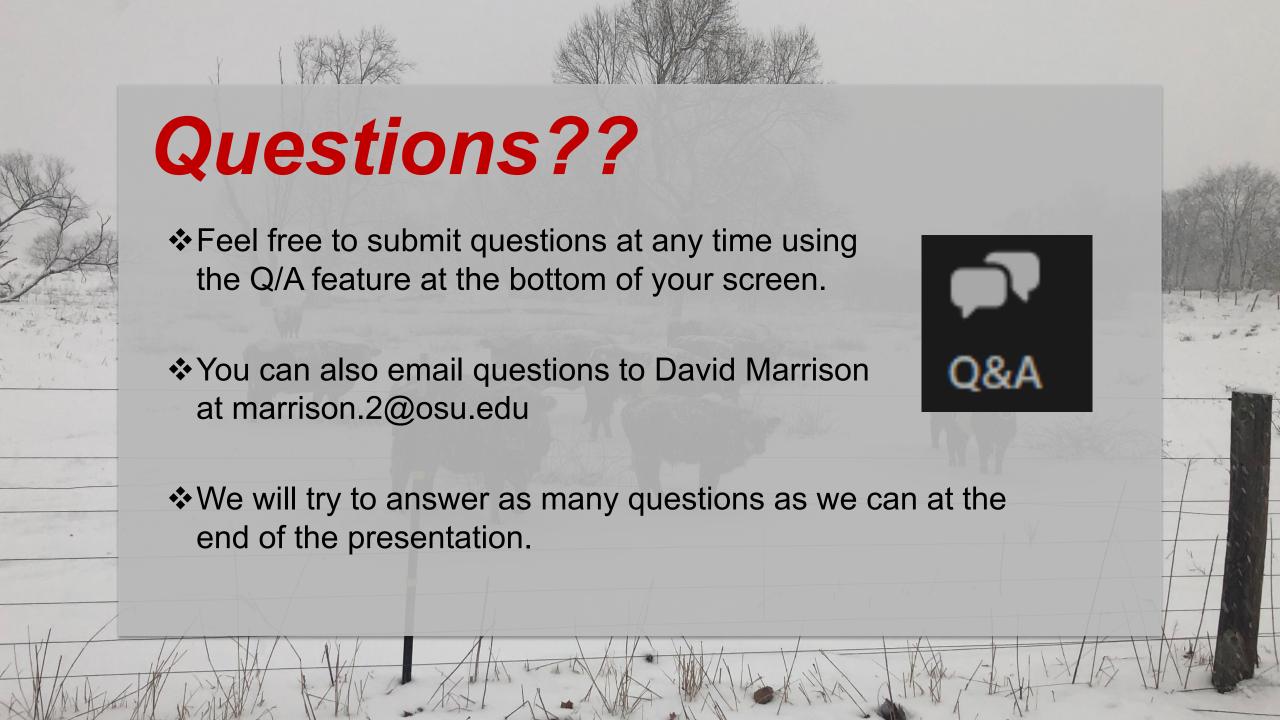
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### **Evaluation**

Please help us continue to offer high quality programs by completing our evaluation upon competition of the webinar.

- The internet-based evaluation will start when you exit the zoom.
- Takes roughly 3 minutes
- \*Responses will be completely private



## Agenda

- Federal Program Update
- Fertilizer Update & Crop Budgets Look-Ahead
- Grain Market Outlook
- Long Term Care Costs (Medicaid Planning)
- Financial Efficiency Review for Grain Farms
- A look at the FSA





## Federal Legislation & Program Update



### WHERE EXACTLY ARE WE ON FEDERAL LEGISLATION?

Topic	Latest developments	Action expected by	Final Action
Government funding	1.5 T bill funds government through September		Signed March 15
Federal debt limit			Signed Dec. 16
Infrastructure bill			Signed Nov. 15
Build Back Better	\$3.5 trillion? 1.5 trillion? \$1.75 trillion House passed \$1.75 trillion bill Nov. 19; \$1.75T bill is dead. House Democrats proposing to carve out climate change portion. Manchin wants deficit reduction.	October 31, with infrastructure bill? Schumer pushing for Senate to pass by Christmas (?!); Biden concedes it will go into 2022. Informal discussions among Democrats ongoing.	Unknown

## Sign-up Deadline Reminder

- Dairy Margin Coverage (DMC) and Supplemental Dairy Margin Coverage (SDMS)- Sign-up from 12/13/2021 to 3/25/2022
- Spot Market Hog Pandemic Program (SMHPP) Sign-up from 12/15/2021 to 4/15/2022 (extended from 2/25/2022)



## Climate-Smart Agriculture & Forestry

- USDA offers voluntary programs and services to help you build soil health, sequester carbon, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, enhance productivity and commodity marketability, and mitigate the impacts of climate change while building resilience to strengthen your operation.
- Includes Agricultural Conservation Easement Program,
   Conservation Stewardship Program, Conservation Reserve
   Program, Environmental Quality Incentives Program, Conservation
   Innovation Grants, and Regional Conservation Partnership
   Programs
- https://www.farmers.gov/conservation/climate-smart#youroperation





# Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Funding Opportunity

- Announced on February 7, 2022.
- \$1 billion in partnerships to support climate-smart pilot projects
- Climate-smart commodities as being produced using agricultural (farming, ranching or forestry) practices that reduce greenhouse gas emissions or sequester carbon.
- Visit <u>usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities</u> for additional information
- Two funding pools with deadlines: May 6 (\$5 million to \$100 million) and June 10 (\$250,000 to \$4,999,999.



# Fertilizer Update Crop Budgets Look Ahead

Barry Ward
Leader, Production Business Management
Director, OSU Income Tax Schools

### **Ohio Crop Enterprise Budgets 2022**

- ✓ Budget Changes as Compared to 2021 Final Crop Budgets:
- ✓ Seed Cost +5% Higher
- ✓ Crop Chemical Cost (Herbicide) +50% Higher
- ✓ Drying Cost +25% Higher
- ✓ Diesel Price +60% Higher
- √ Hauling +20% Higher
- ✓ Fertilizer Prices: (As compared to Spring '21 prices.)
  - ✓ NH3 \$1,500/T +145% Higher
  - ✓ MAP \$ 925/T + 50% Higher
  - ✓ Potash \$ 815/T +115% Higher





- ✓ Demand
  - ✓ High crop prices strong domestic and global fertilizer demand

### √ Supply

- ✓ Fertilizer sector unprepared for run-up in crop prices Fall of '20
- ✓ Delayed and lengthier fertilizer plant "turnarounds" COVID labor shortages
- √ Shipping issues
- ✓ Hurricane Ida, February '21 freeze in Texas
- ✓ High natural gas prices / availability issues in Europe





- ✓ Trade
  - ✓ China halts phosphate and UAN fertilizer exports
  - ✓ Sanctions on Belarus E.U. & U.S.
  - ✓ JSC Belaruskali declared "force majeure" indicating that it won't be able to meet contracts
  - ✓ Russian invasion and ongoing war against Ukraine
  - ✓ Russia suspends fertilizer exports





### ✓ Trade

- ✓ Anti-dumping case (Mosaic) Countervailing duties on phosphate fertilizers from Russia and Morocco (U.S. International Trade Commission and Department of Commerce)
- ✓ Anti-dumping case (CF Industries) DOC issued "affirmative preliminary determinations" in its antidumping duty investigations of imports of UAN from Russia and Trinidad and Tobago. This follows Commerce's affirmative preliminary countervailing duty ("CVD") determinations for UAN from Russia and Trinidad, issued in November 2021.
- ✓ Industry consolidation profit taking?

#### "...and then some."

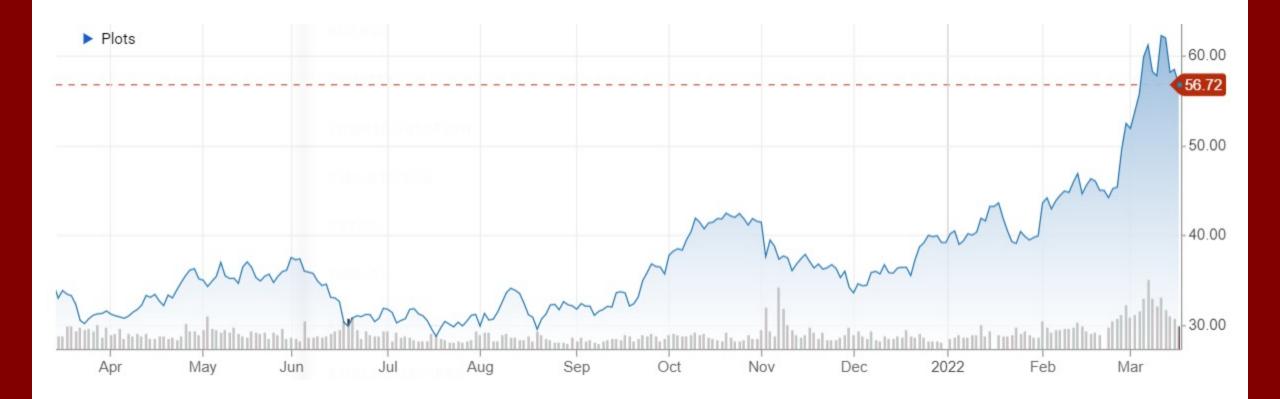
WSJ: Seed Company Exec was asked about supply chain issues and responded that the company could handle any change of flow with the supply chains and would raise prices to compensate, and then some.

Source: The Fertilizer Institute (TFI)

✓ "Because 90% of all fertilizer used is consumed outside the United States, the actions of Russia will impact the global market for fertilizer around the world. Russia is the second largest producer of ammonia, urea, and potash and the fifth largest producer of processed phosphates. In terms of their share of the global export market, Russia accounts for 23% of ammonia, 14% of urea, and 21% of potash, as well as 10% of processed phosphate exports."

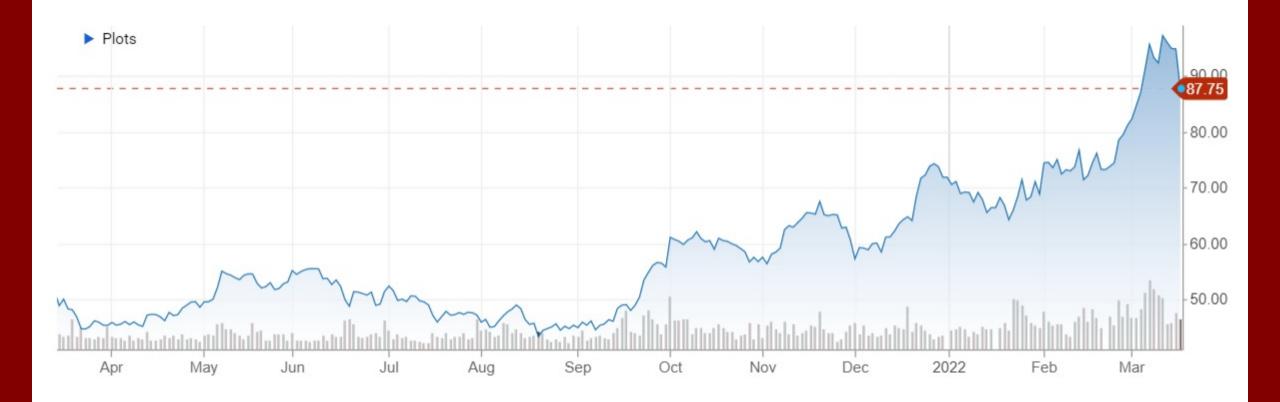
### Mosaic Co Stock (MOS)

**Source: CNBC** 



### **CF Industries Holdings (CF)**

**Source: CNBC** 







### **Ohio Crop Enterprise Budgets 2022**

✓ Increases in Variable Costs 2022 (compared to 2021)

- ✓ Corn +46%
- ✓ Soybeans +35%
- √ Wheat +49%



CORN BUDGET - 2022					
Yield in bushels/acre					
Receipts	183	220			
Corn Price \$6.25 /bushel	\$1,144.38	\$1,373.25			
ARC/PLC + Ad Hoc	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Variable Costs					
Seed Cost	\$109.20	\$116.03			
Fertilizer+Soil Amendment	\$275.56	\$306.69			
Chemicals (Crop Protection)	\$69.33	\$69.33			
Fuel	\$22.00	\$22.00			
Repairs	\$28.12	\$28.12			
Crop Insurance	\$21.00	\$26.00			
All Other	\$117.01	\$133.40			
Total Variable Costs / Acre	\$642.23	\$701.32			
Fixed Costs					
Labor and Management	\$95.47	\$106.91			
Machinery Cost	\$77.67	\$77.67			
Land Rent	\$207.00	\$252.00			
Total Costs / Acre	\$1,042.87	\$1,158.41			
Returns					
Return Above Total Costs	\$101.51	\$214.84			
Return Above Variable Costs	\$502.15	\$671.93			
Return to Land	\$308.51	\$466.84			

SOYBEAN BUDGET - 2022					
	Yield in bu	shels/acre			
Receipts	57	68			
Soybean Price \$14.50 /bushel	\$823.60	\$988.32			
ARC/PLC + Ad Hoc	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Variable Costs					
Seed Cost	\$66.08	\$66.08			
Fertilizer+Soil Amendment	\$91.03	\$107.98			
Chemicals (Crop Protection)	\$71.64	\$71.64			
Fuel	\$18.52	\$18.52			
Repairs	\$23.98	\$23.98			
Crop Insurance	\$17.00	\$20.00			
All Other	\$26.90	\$29.73			
Total Variable Costs / Acre	\$315.15	\$337.55			
Fixed Costs					
Labor and Management	\$59.88	\$68.12			
Machinery Cost	\$62.16	\$62.16			
Land Rent	\$207.00	\$252.00			
Total Costs / Acre	\$657.89	\$738.00			
Returns					
Return to Total Costs	\$165.71	\$254.79			
Return to Variable Costs	\$508.45	\$650.77			
Return to Land	\$372.71	\$506.79			

WHEAT BUDGET - 2022					
	Yield in bu	shels/acre			
Receipts	73	88			
Wheat Price \$9.70 /bushel	\$710.04	\$852.05			
ARC/PLC + Ad Hoc	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Variable Costs					
Seed Cost	\$45.57	\$45.57			
Fertilizer+Soil Amendment	\$138.11	\$167.26			
Chemicals (Crop Protection)	\$21.98	\$21.98			
Fuel	\$10.00	\$10.00			
Repairs	\$15.47	\$15.47			
Crop Insurance	\$10.00	\$11.00			
All Other	\$39.12	\$42.70			
Total Variable Costs / Acre	\$280.24	\$313.98			
Fixed Costs					
Labor and Management	\$58.45	\$65.55			
Machinery Cost	\$35.97	\$35.97			
Land Rent	\$207.00	\$252.00			
Total Costs / Acre	\$594.36	\$680.20			
Returns					
Return Above Total Costs	\$115.68	\$171.85			
Return Above Variable Costs	\$429.80	\$538.07			
Return to Land	\$322.68	\$423.85			

Crop Enterprise Budgets 2022						
			Corn	Soybeans	Wheat	
Receipts		bu/A Price	183@6.25	57@14.50	73@9.70	
Crop Revenu	ıe		\$1,080.29	\$823.60	\$710.04	
ARC/PLC + Ad Hoc			\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Variable Co	sts		\$642.23	\$315.15	\$280.24	
Returns						
Return to \	/ariabl	le Costs	\$502.15	\$508.45	\$429.80	
Return to Land			\$308.51	\$372.71	\$322.68	

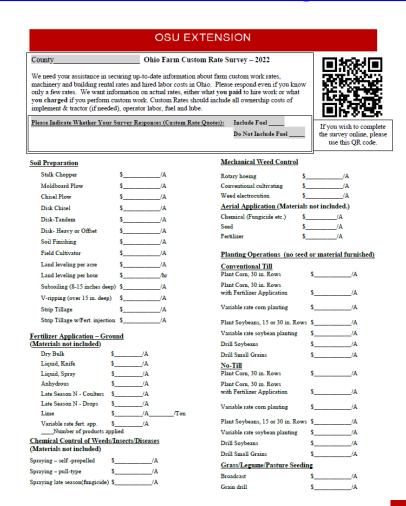
## Farmers Filing Late (After March 1 Without Estimated Payments)

- ✓ IRS Notice 2022-13 provides a waiver of the addition to tax (penalties) under section 6654 for underpayment of estimated income tax by qualifying farmers and fishermen described in the notice.
- ✓ Earlier guidance had indicated that this relief would be only for those farmers that were shareholders of an S corporation.
- √ This Notice indicates that all qualifying farmers are eligible and have a (penalty-free) filing deadline of April 18.



- Ohio Farm Custom Rates Survey 2022
- https://go.osu.edu/ohiofarmcustomratesurvey2022





**CFAES** 

EST. 1870

## Grain Marketing Outlook

### Seungki Lee

Assistant Professor,
Department of Agricultural, Environmental, and Development Economics





## **Factors Currently Swing the Grain Market**

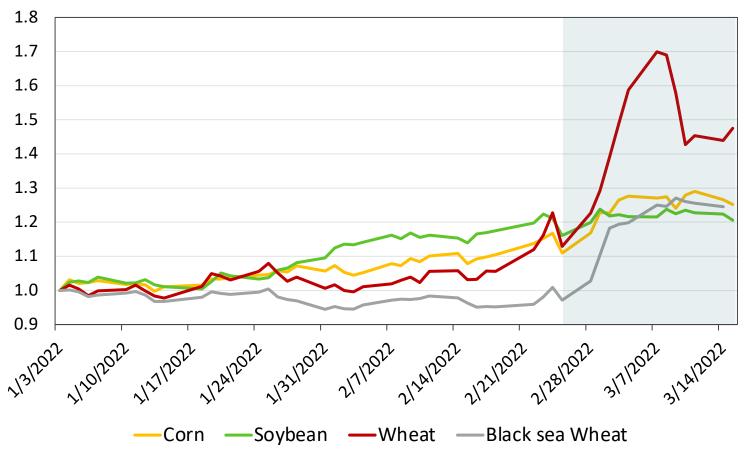
### **Observation: Price increase**

- War in Ukraine
  - Direct shock on wheat and corn
  - Exacerbates supply chain issue
     → Input costs increase
- South America Production Shortfalls
  - Disappointing harvest records (soybeans)
- Inflation Pressure
- Supply Chain Issue





## May 2022 Futures Price Index



Price index (1/3/2022 = 1)

Source: BarChart, cmdtyView

### **CFAES**

Source: USDA WASDE, March 9, 2022

## U.S. Corn

### **Supply & Demand**

- Price ↑
- Demand
  - Ethanol use个
  - Exports↑
- USDA 22/23
   soybean acreage prediction:
   92 mil. acres

Marketing Year (2021 = 9/1/21 to 8/31/22)		2020/21	2021/22 forecast	Change from Feb	Change from 20/21
Area Planted	(mil. acres)	90.7	93.4		2.7
Yield	(bu./acre)	171.4	177.0		5.6
Production	(mil. bu.)	14,111	15,115		1,004
Beg. Stocks	(mil. bu.)	1,919	1,235		-685
Imports	(mil. bu.)	24	25		1
Total Supply	(mil. bu.)	16,055	16,375		320
Feed & Residual	(mil. bu.)	5,598	5,650		52
Ethanol	(mil. bu.)	5,033	5,350	<mark>25</mark>	317
Food, Seed, & Other	(mil. bu.)	1,437	1,435		-2
Exports	(mil. bu.)	2,753	2,500	<mark>75</mark>	-253
Total Use	(mil. bu.)	14,821	14,935	<mark>100</mark>	114
Ending Stocks	(mil. bu.)	1,235	1,440	-100	205
Season-Average Price	(\$/bu.)	4.53	5.65	0.20	1.12



### **World Corn Production**

Source: USDA WASDE, March 9, 2022

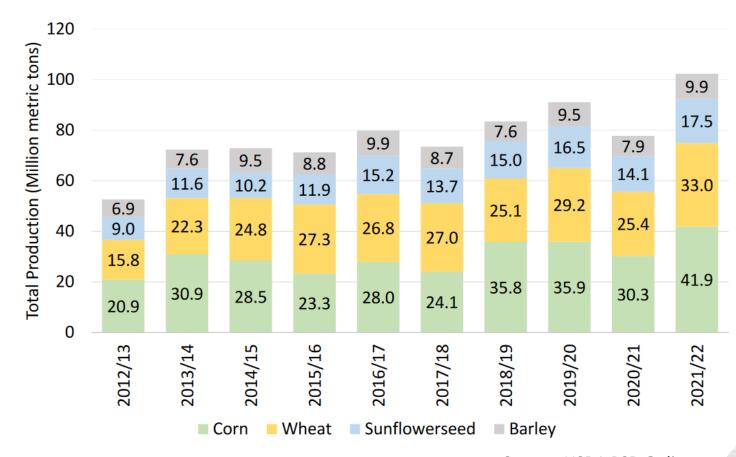
	2020/2024	2024/2022	Character forms	Clarate form
	2020/2021	2021/2022	Change from	Change from
Country or Region	estimate	forecast	February 9	2020/2021
Million Tons				
World	1,123.3	1,206.1	0.8	82.9
<b>United States</b>	358.4	383.9		25.5
Foreign	764.8	822.2	0.8	57.4
Argenti <mark>na</mark>	51.5	53.0	-1.0	1.5
Brazil	87.0	114.0		27.0
Mexico	27.3	27.6		0.3
Canada	13.6	14.0		0.4
<b>European Union</b>	67.1	69.8	-0.2	2.7
Serbia	8.1	6.2		-1.9
FSU-12	48.9	63.2	0.1	14.3
Ukrai <mark>ne</mark>	30.3	41.9	-0.1	11.6
Russia	13.9	15.2	0.2	1.4
South Africa	17.0	16.3	-0.7	-0.7
China	260.7	272.6		11.9
India	31.7	32.5	2.5	0.9

#### **CFAES**

## Global Factors Increasing U.S. Corn Demand

### **Export Loss from Ukraine**

- Ukraine has continuously increased corn production for years
- Now, Ukraine is 4<sup>th</sup> largest
   Corn exporter in the global trade



Source: USDA PSD Online

### **CFAES**

## **U.S. Soybeans**

Source: USDA WASDE, March 9, 2022

### **Supply & Demand**

- Price ↑
- Demand
  - Exports↑
- USDA 22/23
   soybean acreage
   prediction:
   88 mil. acres

Marketing Year (2021 = 9/1/21 to 8/31/22)		2020/21	2021/22 forecast	Change from Feb	Change from 20/21
Area Planted	(mil. acres)	83.4	87.2		3.8
Yield	(bu./acre)	51.0	51.4		0.4
Production	(mil. bu.)	4,216	4,435		219
Beg. Stocks	(mil. bu.)	525	257		-268
Imports	(mil. bu.)	20	15		-5
Total Supply	(mil. bu.)	4,761	4,707		-54
Crush	(mil. bu.)	2,141	2,215		74
Seed & Residual	(mil. bu.)	103	117		14
Exports	(mil. bu.)	2,261	2,090	<mark>40</mark>	-171
Total Use	(mil. bu.)	4,504	4,422	40	-82
Ending Stocks	(mil. bu.)	257	285	-40	28
Season-Avg Price	(\$/bu.)	10.80	13.25	0.25	2.45

## **World Soybean Production**

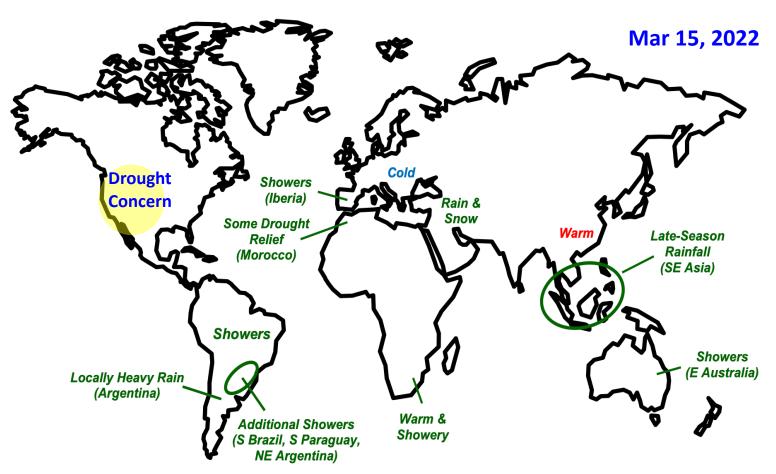
### **South America Production**

	2020/2021	2021/2022	Change from	Change from	
<b>Country or Region</b>	estimate	forecast	February 9	2020/2021	
	Million Tons				
World	366.2	353.8	-10.1	<b>-12.4</b> -3.4%	
<b>United States</b>	114.7	120.7		6.0 5.2%	
Foreign	251.5	233.1	-10.1	-18.4 - <b>7.3</b> %	
Argentina	46.2	43.5	-1.5	-2.7 -5.8%	
Brazil	138.0	127.0	-7.0	-11.0 -8.0%	
Paraguay	9.9	5.3	-1.0	-4.6 -46.5%	
Canada	6.4	6.3		-0.1	
India	10.5	11.9		1.4	
China	19.6	16.4		-3.2	

Source: USDA WASDE, March 9, 2022

<sup>--</sup> No change.

### **World Weather**



Source: USDA-WWCB

#### **CFAES**

#### Conclusion

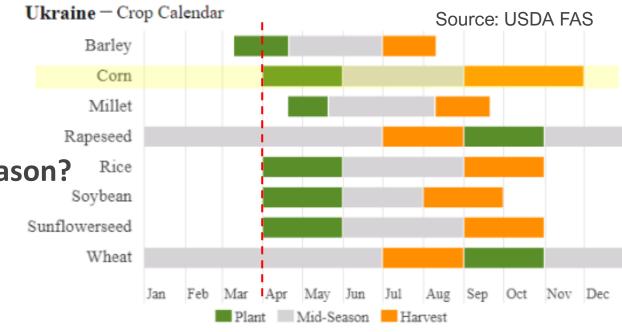
#### The market swing will continue for a while...

#### Wisdom against the volatile market?

- Prioritize Controlling downside risks
- What is the risk-adjusted expected profits of my farm?

#### What should be stressed for the 22/23 season?

- Cost saving strategies
- Crop insurance
- Will Ukraine farmers be able to plant crops as usual?



# LONG-TERM CARE COSTS

#### NURSING HOME COSTS (GENWORTH)

<ul> <li>Ohio Semi-Private Room</li> </ul>	\$85,776/year
--------------------------------------------	---------------

<ul> <li>Ohio Private Room</li> </ul>	\$98,556/year
---------------------------------------	---------------

- National Average Semi-Private Room \$93,075
- National Average Private Room \$105,850
- Ohio Assisted Living \$52,500
- National Assisted Living \$54,000
- Average stay in nursing home is around 2.2 years (sources vary)

## COSTS – PAST, PRESENT, FUTURE (NATIONAL AVERAGE)

Room Type	<u>2016</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2030</u>
Semi-Private Room	\$82,128	\$93,075	\$125,085
Private Room	\$92,376	\$105,850	\$142,254

## LONG-TERM CARE COSTS AFFECT ON FARMING OPERATIONS

- 7 out of 10 people will require long-term care (Genworth)
- Are long-term care costs the biggest financial threat to the viability of farming operations?
- Is there \$90,000 of extra income to pay for nursing home costs?
- If not, is there savings to pay for nursing home costs?
- If not, what assets will be sold to pay for nursing home costs?
- Can the farm continue without the sold assets?

#### **MEDICAID**

- Provides health coverage to millions of Americans, including eligible lowincome adults, children, pregnant women, elderly adults and people with disabilities
- Administered by states, according to federal requirements
- Funded jointly by states and the federal government

#### MEDICAID FINANCIAL ELIGIBILITY

- Income Limit \$2,523/month
  - Excess income can be transferred to a Qualified Income Trust to keep eligibility
- Asset Limit
  - Single Person \$2,000 for single person
  - Married Persons \$2,000 for applicant and \$137,400 for non-applicant
  - Some assets exempt but still subject to estate recovery
- Few farmers will qualify for Medicaid without aggressive planning

## QUALIFYING FOR MEDICAID IF EXCEED ASSETS LIMITATION

- Must give up ownership and control of all assets exceeding Medicaid limit
  - Can keep income in some situations
- Can gift assets to family members or an irrevocable trust
- Five Year Lookback for each \$7,148 of gifts made in the last five years, the applicant is ineligible for Medicaid for one month not to exceed five years
  - \$100,000 gift causes 14 months of ineligibility
  - \$1,000,000 gift causes 5 years of ineligibility
- Most Medicaid planning must be done five years in advance

#### CHALLENGES OF QUALIFYING FOR MEDICAID

- Must give up ownership and control of almost all assets
- May not have much control over which long-term facility to use
- Likely cannot be in a private room
- Moral dilemma?

#### STRATEGIES FOR LONG-TERM CARE COSTS

- Do nothing
- Gift assets to family
- Transfer assets to irrevocable trust
- Long-term care insurance
- Self insure

There are no easy solutions for long-term care costs

# Ohio Farm Business Analysis 2021: Grain Farms Financial Efficiency

#### Ohio Farm Business Analysis – Crops

2020 Farms:

51 Enrolled

39 Farms with crops

37 Completed crop enterprise analysis

24 Crop focused



2020 Ohio Farm Business Analysis Reports

#### Ohio FBA Farms with emphasis on crop sales

Financial Measure	2020 24 Farms	2019 30 Farms
Average Crop Acres	1,043	1,057
Current Ratio	3.52	1.91
Working Capital	\$561,535	\$289,677
Working Capital to Gross Income	52.6%	35%
Debt to Asset Ratio (Farm, Market Value)	21%	26%

#### 2020 Ohio Crop Farms – Financial Efficiency Measures

Financial Measure	Average of all Farms	Benchmark
Asset Turnover Rate (Cost Valuation)	25.4%	> 45%
Operating Expense Ratio	66.3%	< 60%
Depreciation Expense Ratio	7.5%	<5%
Interest Expense Ratio	4.1%	<5%
Net Farm Income Ratio	22%	>20%

#### 2020 Ohio Crop\* Farms, Financial Efficiency by Size

	Avg of All Farms	101 – 500 Acres	500 – 1,000 Acres	1,001 – 1,500 Acres	> 1,500 Acres
Farms	24	5	8	5	6
Asset Turnover Ratio	25.4%	25.3%	23.4%	25.6%	24.7%

**ASSETS** 

VALUE OF FARM PRODUCTION

Benchmark: Greater than 45%

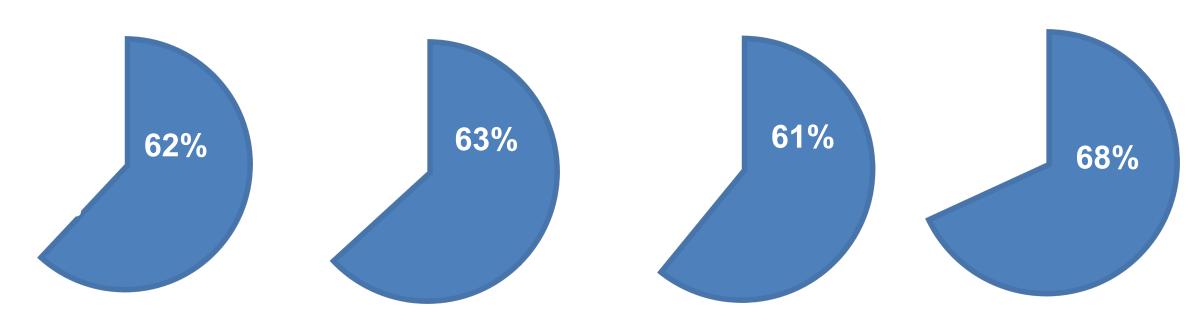
\$ \$



<sup>\*</sup> Farms with emphasis on crop production for direct sale

#### 2020 Ohio Crop\* Farms, Operating Expense Ratio

101 – 500 Acres	500 – 1,000 Acres	1,001 –1,500 Acres	> 1,500 Acres
61.5%	63.2%	61.1%	67.9%



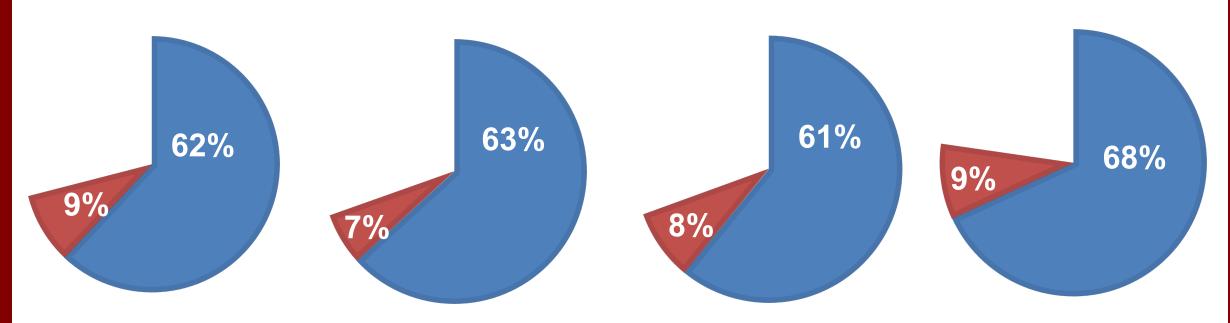
Benchmark: Less than 60%



<sup>\*</sup> Farms with emphasis on crop production for direct sale

#### 2020 Ohio Crop\* Farms, Depreciation Expense Ratio

101 – 500 Acres	500 – 1,000 Acres	1,001 –1,500 Acres	> 1,500 Acres
8.8%	6.4%	8.6%	9.1%



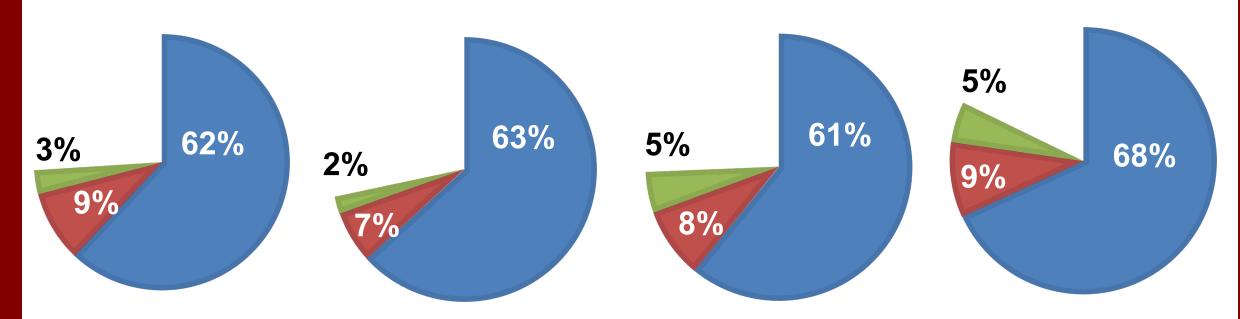
Benchmark: Less than 5%



<sup>\*</sup> Farms with emphasis on crop production for direct sale

#### 2020 Ohio Crop\* Farms, Interest Expense Ratio

101 – 500 Acres	500 – 1,000 Acres	1,001 –1,500 Acres	> 1,500 Acres
3.4%	2.1%	4.9%	4.9%



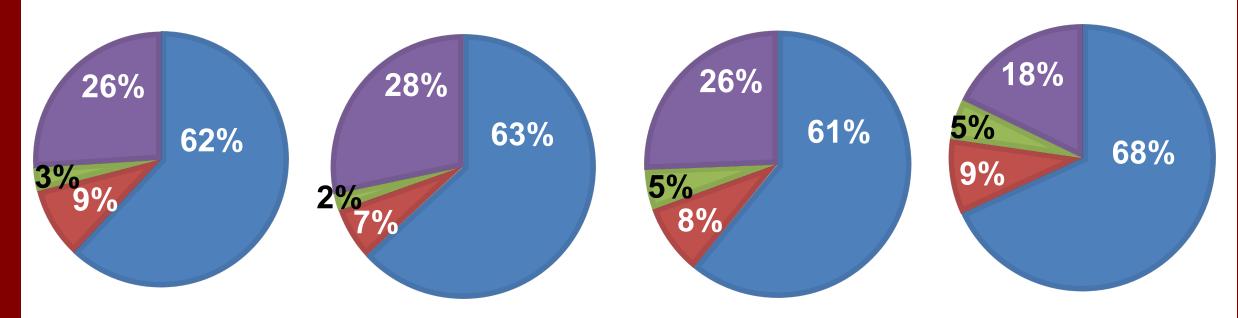
Benchmark: Less than 5%



<sup>\*</sup> Farms with emphasis on crop production for direct sale

#### 2020 Ohio Crop\* Farms, Net Farm Income Expense Ratio

101 – 500 Acres	500 – 1,000 Acres	1,001 –1,500 Acres	> 1,500 Acres
26.5%	28.3%	25.7%	17.8%



**Benchmark: Greater than 20%** 



<sup>\*</sup> Farms with emphasis on crop production for direct sale

#### For More Information about Farm Business Analysis:

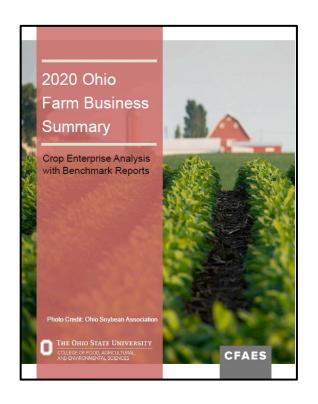
Visit:

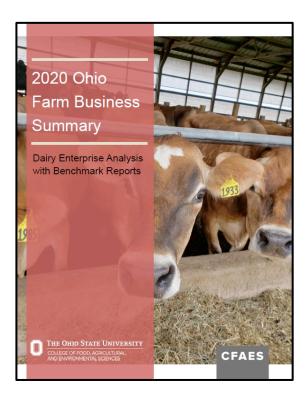
http://farmprofitability.osu.edu/

https://farmoffice.osu.edu

Contact:

A Farm Business Analysis Technician or <a href="mailto:shoemaker.3@osu.edu">shoemaker.3@osu.edu</a>; 330.257.3377





This work is supported by the USDA National Institute of Food and Agriculture "Northern Plains Regional Farm Business Management and Benchmarking" projects 2020/21, 21/22.



United States Department of Agriculture National Institute of Food and Agriculture

### A Look at the Farm Service Agency



### Farm Service Agency (FSA)

- FSA provides a financial safety net to America's farmers and ranchers, while at the same time protecting natural resources, and enhancing food security.
- https://www.fsa.usda.gov/





#### County Office & CEDs

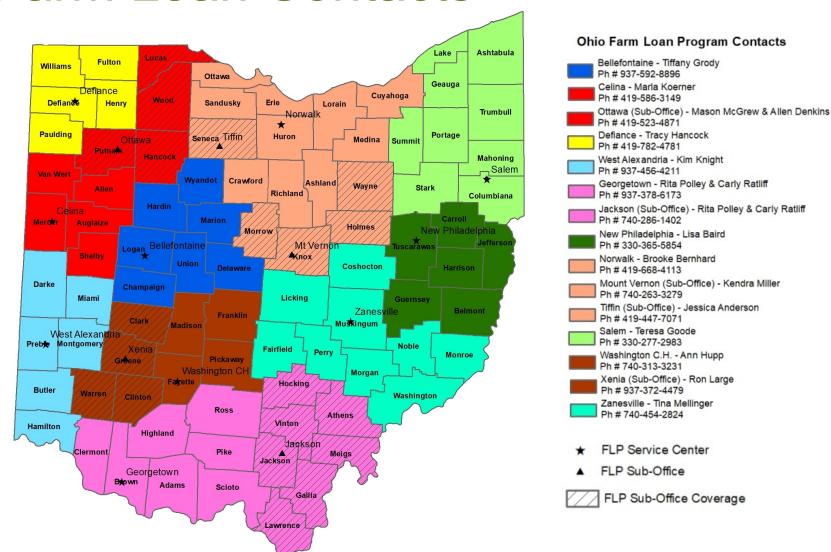


Farm Service Agency

fsa.usda.gov



#### **FSA Farm Loan Contacts**



Farm Service Agency

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#### **Program Eligibility**

Every program administered has a different set of eligibility rules that must be meet.

First and foremost, all producers MUST raise commercially produced commodities.

AD-2047 - Basic information supplied by producers to create a record or to update an existing record

CCC-902 – Used to create the Farm Plan; system generated

CCC-941 – Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)

**AD-1026 – Conservation Compliance** 



#### Beginning Farmer

Beginning farmer or rancher – a person or legal entity who:

- Has not operated a farm or ranch for more than 10 years; and
- Materially and substantially participates in the operation.

For legal entities to be considered a beginning farmer, all members must be related by blood or marriage and must be beginning farmers.



#### Limited Resource

Limited resource farmer or rancher – a person or legal entity that:

- Earns no more than \$177,300 (for FY2019) in each of the two calendar years that precede the complete taxable year before the program year, to be adjusted upwards in later years for inflation; and
- Has a total household income at or below the national poverty level for a family of four, or less than 50 percent of county median household income for both of the previous two years.



#### Socially Disadvantaged

Socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher – a farmer or a rancher who is a member of a group whose members have been subject to racial, ethnic or gender prejudice because of their identity as members of a group without regard to their individual qualities. Groups include:

- American Indians or Alaskan Natives;
- Asians or Asian Americans;
- Blacks or African Americans;
- Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders;
- Hispanics; and
- Women.



#### Veteran

Veteran farmer or rancher – a farmer or rancher who has served in the Armed Forces (as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101) and who:

- has operated a farm or ranch for less than 10 years, or
- first obtained status as a veteran during the most recent 10year period.

