Navigating Direct CFAP Support for Ohio’s Farmers and Ranchers

With Special Guest
Leonard Hubert, State Executive Director, Ohio Farm Service Agency

Navigating CFAP: Introductory Items
❖ Submit question by commenting on the Facebook Live broadcast. Alternatively, you can email them to kolt@ohioagnet.com. Questions will be posted at farmoffice.osu.edu.
❖ Slides for this webinar are available at farmoffice.osu.edu - Click events, calendar, then see below.
❖ Webinar will be archived at farmoffice.osu.edu. Click on past events under the events tab at the top and then “Navigating CFAP Direct Support.”

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The Impact of the Coronavirus Pandemic on Commodity Markets

Ben Brown
Assistant Professor of Professional Practice in Agricultural Risk Management
Dianne Shoemaker
Associate Professor, Field Specialist Dairy Production Economics

Coronavirus Impact: Non-Specialty Crop Grains
❖ Some changes in input costs. (Not a lot)
❖ Debt service is cheaper
❖ Fuel costs
❖ Land and Cash Rent Prices - Holding (80% of Farms) held in land
❖ Change in Malta Year Average Prices
❖ 2019 Corn: $0.20, Soy: $0.25
❖ 2020: Corn: $0.35, Soy: $0.60
❖ Great concern around working capital.
❖ $15.00/acre loss in mid-term crop revenue. Slightly higher ARC/PLC payments but no crop insurance.
❖ $55.00/acre loss in the 2020 contribution margin since January.
❖ 2018 & 2019 MFP Payments Helped
❖ Has it changed the federal safety net?
❖ 2nd Round of a similar Coronavirus Food Assistance Program?

Coronavirus Impact: Biofuels and Grains
❖ Stay-at-Home orders reduced domestic driving roughly 48% in the month of April.
❖ Biofuel mandates are still percentage standards set off a volume requirement in the Renewable Volume Obligation. 11.56% in 2020.
❖ As a result Biofuel Production fell 45%
❖ Ending stocks grew 25%
❖ Impact on Grains
❖ My estimates are a roughly 680 million bushel reduction in corn used for ethanol.
Coronavirus Impact: Cattle

- **US Cattle Slaughter - 6 Day Moving Average**
  - Source: USDA Administrative Marketing

- **US Cattle on Feed (Lots over 1,000 Head)**
  - Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service

- **5-Year Average**
  - 2015 - 2019 - 2020 - Total Average

Coronavirus Impact: Pork

- **US Fed Pork Slaughter - 6 Day Moving Average**
  - Source: USDA Agricultural Marketing Service

- **COVID-19 Management**
  - Cost Structure: Increased protections needed for employee health
  - Manager Growth: Cost implications and feed intake monitoring
  - Space Management: Both in on-site abolition & isolates plant capacity
  - Euthanasia: Immobilization and disposal

Coronavirus Impact: Consumer Income Pressure in 2020?

- **Initial Unemployment and Insured Unemployment Claims by Week**
  - Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service

- **Initial Claims (SA)**
  - **Insured Unemployment (SA)**

- **Weekly Hog Slaughter**
  - Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service

- **Coronavirus Impact:**
  - Initial COVID-19 analysis.
  - Stay-at-home orders caused sudden, major change in demand
  - Retailers, school, institutional demands decline instantly
  - Exacerbated by "spring flush" milk production
  - Anticipate major financial stress: Ohio average COP $18.48 per cat., high 20% averaged $15.48 per cat.

Coronavirus Impact: Specialty Crops

- **Market Disruptions**
  - Schools: 2.8 million school lunch/kid/day
  - Restaurants: 18 million school breakfast/day
  - $120 million loss to producers
  - Built or room-exclusive suppliers to retail outlets have seen increased sales while others have seen a 100% collapse of their market.

- **Estimated loss of about $5 billion in sales to produce growers, shippers, and wholesalers.
  - Source: National Sustainable Agriculture Coalition

Coronavirus Impact: Dairy

- **May-20 CME Milk Contract Prices Over Past 120 Days**
  - Source: USDA Agricultural Marketing Service

- **Coronavirus Impact:**
  - Dairy industry was looking forward to fiscal year since 2014
  - Stay-at-home orders caused sudden, major change in demand
  - Retailers, school, institutional demands decline instantly
  - Exacerbated by "spring flush" milk production
  - Anticipate major financial stress: Ohio average COP $18.48 per cat., high 20% averaged $15.48 per cat.

Coronavirus Impact: FAPRI - MU Impact Report

- **USDA contracted the Food and Agricultural Policy Research Institute to conduct initial COVID-19 analysis.
  - Key Assumptions
    - -2.5% in real consumer expenditure for food in 2020; recovery in 2021
    - -15% in oil prices for 2020
    - 5-10% and 8-12% reduction in crop and livestock prices respectively for 2020/21
    - Increase in spread for wholesale and retail beef and pork prices.

- **COVID-19 Impacts on 2020 Net Farm Income Prior to CFAP**
Coronavirus Impact: CFAP - Direct Support Spending

- $9.5 Billion from CARES Act - Passed in March
  - Intended to "help offset sales losses and increased marketing expenses associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic".

- $6.5 Billion from the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC)
  - Funding will compensate producers due to ongoing market disruptions and will assist with the transition to a more orderly marketing system as the pandemic wanes.

$16 billion in total payments.

### CFAP and CARES Payments per Sector (billions of dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>CFAP</th>
<th>CARES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Specialty Crops</td>
<td>$3.756</td>
<td>$2.883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Crops</td>
<td>$3.466</td>
<td>$1.580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dairy</td>
<td>$2.670</td>
<td>$1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cattle</td>
<td>$0.346</td>
<td>$0.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hogs &amp; Pigs</td>
<td>$0.000</td>
<td>$0.000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: USDA-Cost Benefit Analysis - adds up over 16 billion due to payment limitations.

### CFAP-Commodities

**Price Decline in Non-Specialty Crops and Livestock**

- Can supply specialty crop price declines if requested.
- *“Thou shalt not have a 21% price decline but did not receive payments.”*
- Eggs saw a price increase over the period.

### Price Decline in Non-Specialty Crops and Livestock (Average for Week)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Price Decline</th>
<th>January 6-9</th>
<th>April 6-9</th>
<th>May 18-22</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shelled Egg Prices to Producers</td>
<td>$0.91</td>
<td>$0.89</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicken</td>
<td>$9.43</td>
<td>$9.40</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pork</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beef</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Futures prices from respective trading boards and Agricultural Marketing Service.

Coronavirus Impact: CFAP Resources Available from OSU

- Bi-weekly Farm Office Live! Webinars: go.osu.edu/farmofficelive
- Farm Office News: Quick Facts

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Coronavirus Food Assistance Program (CFAP)

### CFAP Authority

- Statutory
  - The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Stability Act (CARES Act), Pub. L. 116-136, and the CCC Charter Act authorize the Secretary to implement CFAP.
### Sign-up Period

**Sign-up period for CFAP**  
**May 26, 2020 – August 28, 2020**

### Who is Eligible?

**Producers:**
- With ownership risk of identified commodities that suffered a 5% or greater national price loss as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic or had substantial marketing costs of inventories
- Who produce or own one of the following commodities:  
  - Milk  
  - Non-Specialty Crops  
  - Wool  
  - Livestock  
  - Specialty Crops

### New Term: Subject to Price Risk

Any production, sales, and/or inventory that is not subject to an agreed-upon price in the future through:
- Forward contract
- Agreement
- Similar binding document

***Applies to ALL eligible commodities***

### Forms

The following forms are applicable to CFAP:
- **AD-3114**, CFAP Application
- **CCC-902**, Farm Operating Plan for Payment Eligibility
- **CCC-901**, Member Information for Legal Entities, if applicable

### Forms (continued)

The following forms are applicable to CFAP:
- **CCC-941**, Average Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certification
- **CCC-942**, Certification of Income Farming, Ranching, and Forestry Operations*, optional
- **AD-1026**, HELC & WC Certification

### CFAP Application

- One application per producer
- Producer Certification
  - Documentation is only required upon spot check or when requested by COC.
- Completed application (the AD-3114 form) can be submitted to any FSA County Office.
- All producer eligibility forms related to CFAP **MUST** be filed within 60 days from the date of signing the CFAP application.
- Failure to timely provide all eligibility forms will result in no payment or a reduced payment.
Payments

Payments will be based on:

• Specific payment rates by commodity

• 80% of the calculated payment*

"Subsequent payment maybe issued at a later date determined by Secretary"

CFAP Payment Limitation and Payment Eligibility

To be eligible for a CFAP payment, a producer must have had a share in the eligible commodity on January 15, 2020; and/or April 16th through May 14th, 2020. In addition the producer must be a:

• Citizen or National of the United States
• Resident alien (possessing a Resident Alien Card (I-551)
• Partnership of citizens or nationals of the United States
• Corporation, Limited Liability Company, or other organizational structure organized under State law
• Indian Tribe or Tribal organization, as defined in section 4(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304); or
• Foreign Person or Foreign Entity who meets Foreign Person Rules according to 5-PL

Eligible Producers

Ineligible Producers

• Federal, State, and local governments, including public schools.
• Persons or legal entities who did not have a reported ownership interest in any of the eligible commodities on a specified date(s).
• Persons and legal entities suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in Federal programs.
• Persons and legal entities that do not meet payment limitation, payment eligibility, AGI and HELC/WC requirements for CFAP.

Payment Limitation

Payment Factor

The initial CFAP payment will be factored at 80% of the calculated payment and will be applied after applying payment limitation.

• The maximum amount a person or legal entity may receive is $200,000.
• For Corporations, LLC’s and LP’s qualifying for the optional increase in limitation may receive a maximum of $400,000 or $600,000 respectively.

"Subsequent payments maybe issued at a later date as determined by Secretary."
Conservation Compliance for CFAP

- Applies for crop year 2020.
- Continuous certification with form AD-1026. This form ensures compliance with highly erodible land conservation and wetland conservation.
- For CFAP additional certification in Part A producer agreement of form AD-3114 (7, 7A, 7B, and 8).

Dairy (Production)

Eligible Dairy Operation

Dairy operations who produce milk for the following months are eligible for CFAP:
- January 2020
- February 2020
- March 2020

Note: Dairy operations that dissolve during the months of January, February, and March 2020 are eligible for pounds of milk production during any month they produced milk.

Eligible Milk Production

CFAP Eligible Milk Production is:
- Milk produced for the months of January, February, and March of 2020
- Any dumped milk during the months of January, February, and March
- Milk production subject to price risk for the months of January, February, and March
- Dairy production covered under the Dairy Margin Coverage (DMC) program, Dairy Revenue Protection (Dairy RP), and other dairy revenue insurance maintains eligibility for CFAP.

Information Used for Certification

Producers will use the following information to self-certify January, February and March 2020 milk production:
- Milk marketing statements for the months of January, February, and March.
- Records of dumped milk not listed on the marketing statements for the months of January, February, and March.
- Milk production not subject to price risk (example - forward contract) identifying milk production not eligible for CFAP Dairy.

***REMINDER - Documents are not required to be provided at signup because the application is self-certification ***

Joint Venture Dairy Operation

- Members of dairy operations operating as a joint venture without a tax identification number (TIN) will separately apply for CFAP.
- Producers will apply using their applicable pounds of monthly milk production per producer depending on their share of the dairy operation.
CFAP Dairy Payment Calculation

CFAP payments for eligible milk production will be the sum of results of the following two calculations:

- **Part 1 (CARES Act)** – January, February, and March 2020 milk production total in pounds multiplied by $0.0471
- **Part 2 (CCC)** – January, February, and March 2020 milk production total in pounds multiplied by 1.014, and by $0.0147

What are the Eligible Commodities?

Eligible Commodities

- Malting Barley
- Canola
- Corn
- Upland Cotton
- Millet
- Oats
- Sorghum
- Soybeans
- Sunflowers
- Durum Wheat
- Hard Red Spring Wheat
- Wool

Note: Crops intended for grazing are ineligible for CFAP.

How were Eligible Commodities Determined?

Determining Commodities

5% decline in futures prices between weeks of:

- January 13-17, 2020, and
- April 6-9, 2020

Determining Commodities

USDA will consider additional commodities to be eligible for CFAP by collecting information on potentially eligible commodities.

Producers of commodities not included on the original CFAP list who believe they've suffered a five percent or greater price decline between January and April 2020, and who face additional marketing costs due to COVID-19, may submit comments to provide information about additional commodities.
Determining Commodities

Comments may be submitted through either of the following methods by June 22, 2020:

**Federal Rulemaking Portal** – Go to regulations.gov and search for Docket ID FSA-2020-0004. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

**Mail** – Director, SND, FSA, US Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Stop 0522, Washington, DC 20250-0522.

Payment Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Unit of Measure</th>
<th>CARES Act Payment Rate</th>
<th>CCC Payment Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Malting Barley</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.34</td>
<td>$0.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canola</td>
<td>LB</td>
<td>$0.01</td>
<td>$0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.32</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upland Cotton</td>
<td>LB</td>
<td>$0.09</td>
<td>$0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millet</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.31</td>
<td>$0.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.15</td>
<td>$0.17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Payment Rates (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Unit of Measure</th>
<th>CARES Act Payment Rate</th>
<th>CCC Payment Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
<td>$0.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflowers</td>
<td>LB</td>
<td>$0.02</td>
<td>$0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durum Wheat</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.10</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HRS Wheat</td>
<td>BU</td>
<td>$0.18</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wool (graded, clean basis)</td>
<td>LB</td>
<td>$0.71</td>
<td>$0.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wool (non-graded, greasy basis)</td>
<td>LB</td>
<td>$0.36</td>
<td>$0.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Payment Formula

**CARES Act Payment Formula:**

“2019 Total Production Not Sold (as of January 15, 2020)” (not to exceed 50% of “2019 Total Production”)

50% of above number multiplied by CARES Act rate.

**CCC Charter Act Payment Formula:**

“2019 Total Production Not Sold (as of January 15, 2020)” (not to exceed 50% of “2019 Total Production”)

50% of above number multiplied by CCC rate.
Payment Formula

Total Payment

Sum of CARES Act and CCC Charter Act payment

Eligible Producer

An eligible producer is a person or legal entity who shares in the risk of producing a crop or livestock and who is entitled to a share in the crop or livestock available for marketing or would have shared had the crop or livestock been produced and marketed.

CFAP Eligibility for Livestock

- Livestock that realized a 5-percent-or-greater national market price decline between the average for the week of January 13-17, 2020 relative to the average for the week of April 6-10, 2020, have been determined eligible for CFAP.
- National payment rates have been determined based on those price declines.

Eligible Livestock

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Livestock Category</th>
<th>Eligible Livestock</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cattle</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Feeder Cattle: Less Than 600 Pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Feeder Cattle: 600 Pounds or More</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Slaughter Cattle: Fed Cattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Slaughter Cattle: Mature Cattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All Other Cattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hogs and Pigs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pigs: Less Than 120 Pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hogs: 120 Pounds or More</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambs and Yearlings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All Sheep Less Than 2 Years Old</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Eligible Producer

A contract grower who does not own the livestock, will be considered a producer if the contract allows the grower to have risk in the livestock.

Livestock owners and contract growers who are at risk and have a share of the livestock available for marketing or would have a share had the livestock been marketed are eligible livestock producers.
Definitions

• **Feeder cattle less than 600 pounds** means cattle weighing less than 600 pounds.

• **Feeder cattle 600 pounds or more** means cattle weighing more than 600 pounds but less than slaughter cattle-fed cattle as defined.

• **Slaughter cattle - fed cattle** means cattle with an average weight in excess of 1,400 pounds which yield average carcass weights in excess of 800 pounds and are intended for slaughter.

Definitions

• **Slaughter cattle - mature cattle** means culled cattle raised or maintained for breeding purposes, but which were removed from inventory and are intended for slaughter.

• **Cattle raised or maintained for breeding purposes** means animals commercially raised or maintained for use as either a sire or dam for the production of livestock offspring or lactation.

• **All other cattle** means commercially raised or maintained animals not meeting the definition of another category of cattle in this rule excluding beefalo, bison, and animals used for dairy production or intended for dairy production.

Definitions

• **Pigs** means any swine weighing less than 120 pounds.

• **Hogs** means any swine 120 pounds or more.

• **Lambs and yearlings** mean all sheep less than 2 years old.

General Livestock Eligibility

**Eligible Livestock:**

• Livestock owned on Jan. 15 and sold between Jan. 15 and April 15, 2020

• Offspring born from that Jan. 15 inventory

• Livestock inventory owned between April 16 and May 14, 2020

• Livestock that are no longer used for dairy production and have entered the beef cattle market

**NOTE:** All sales and inventory of livestock must be subject to price risk as of January 15, 2020.

Ineligible Livestock

**Ineligible Livestock:**

• Livestock used for dairy production or intended for dairy production

• Livestock purchased after Jan. 15, 2020 and sold on or before April 15, 2020

• Livestock subject to an agreed upon price in the future through a forward contract, agreement, or similar binding document as of Jan. 15, 2020

Dairy Cattle Eligibility for CFAP

• Dairy cattle that are no longer used for dairy production and have entered the beef cattle market are eligible for CFAP, for example:

  • Dairy cull cows – “Slaughter Cattle – Mature Cattle”
  • Dairy calves – Feeder Calfes < > 600 pounds

• Dairy cattle used for dairy production or intended for dairy production are not eligible for CFAP-Livestock, however milk production from this livestock is eligible for CFAP-Dairy.
The information required from producers to participate in CFAP will be a self-certification by the producer or authorized representative.

The following sales and inventory information is required from livestock producers, as applicable:

- Owned inventory of eligible livestock as of Jan. 15 and any offspring from that inventory, that were subject to price risk and sold between Jan. 15 and April 15, 2020.
  - Item No. 21 on the AD-3114 form
- Highest owned inventory of eligible livestock that were subject to price risk between April 16 and May 14, 2020.
  - Item No. 22 on the AD-3114 form

Livestock Payment Calculation

CFAP payment for eligible livestock will be the sum of the results of the following two calculations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Livestock</th>
<th>Eligible Livestock</th>
<th>Unit of Measure</th>
<th>CARES Act Part 1 Payment Rate</th>
<th>CCC Part 2 Payment Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cattle</td>
<td>Feeder Cattle: Less Than 600 Pounds</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$102</td>
<td>$33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Feeder Cattle: 600 Pounds or More</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$139</td>
<td>$33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Steer Cattle: Fed Cattle</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$214</td>
<td>$33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Steer Cattle: Mature Cattle</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$92</td>
<td>$33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All Other Cattle</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$102</td>
<td>$33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hog &amp; Pig</td>
<td>Pig: Less Than 120 Pounds</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$28</td>
<td>$17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pig: 120 Pounds or More</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$18</td>
<td>$17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheep</td>
<td>All Sheep Less Than 2 Years Old</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>$33</td>
<td>$7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Eligible Value Loss Crops

- None at this time
- Will be determined after responses are received to a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA)
- Anticipated to be species of:
  - Aquaculture
  - Floriculture
Specialty Crops

How to Apply

Producers should apply through their County Farm Service Agency office.

While USDA Service Centers are open for business by phone appointment only, FSA is working with our agricultural producers by phone and using email and online tools to process applications.

- Please call your FSA county office to schedule an appointment. Visit our website at www.fsa.usda.gov and select the "County Offices" tab beneath "Related Topics" section to locate the FSA County office contact information.
- Applications can be submitted electronically either by scanning, emailing, or faxing. Please call your office prior to sending applications electronically.
- Visit https://www.farmers.gov/cfap to download an electronic application and for additional information.

Working with FSA for the First Time

Producers will need to gather their farm's recent sales and inventory. Our FSA COF staff will work with producers to apply for the program.

Our staff will ask for the following information:
- Name and address
- Personal information, including your Tax Identification Number
- Farm operating structure
- Adjusted Gross Income compliance certification to ensure eligibility
- Direct deposit to enable payment processing.

A CFAP Call Center is available for producers who would like additional one-on-one support with the CFAP application process. Please call 877-508-8364 to speak directly with a USDA employee ready to offer assistance.

Other materials that may be needed for customers working with FSA for the first time.

- In addition to the application form, our staff will work with you to complete portions of the CCC-902 – Farm Operating Plan – if necessary. Additionally, the following forms are needed for CFAP: if you are an existing customer, this information is likely on file at your FSA County Office.
  - CCC-901 - Identifies members of a farm that is a legal entity. Member information will be completed by legal entities and joint operations to collect the following:
    - member names, addresses, and Tax Identification Numbers
    - citizenship status
  - CCC-941 – Reports your average adjusted gross income for programs where income restrictions apply.
  - CCC-942 – If applicable, this certification reports income from farming, ranching, and forestry, for those exceeding the adjusted gross income limitation.
  - AD-1026 – Ensures compliance with highly erodible land conservation and wetland conservation.
  - SF-3881 – Collects your banking information to allow USDA to make payments to your "Best deposit.

FSA Expands Set-Aside Loan Provision for Customers Impacted by COVID-19

- FSA has broadened the use of the Disaster Set-Aside (DSA) loan provision, normally used in the wake of natural disasters, to allow farmers with FSA farm loans who are affected by COVID-19, and are determined eligible, to have their next payment set aside.
- FSA direct loan borrowers will receive a letter with the details of the expanded DSA authorities, which includes the possible set-asides of annual operating loans, as well as explanations of the additional loan servicing options that are available.
- To discuss or request a loan payment Set-Aside, FSA borrowers should call or email their farm loan staff at their FSA county office.
- Customers participating in FSA’s guaranteed loan programs are encouraged to contact their lender.
We want to recognize our Agricultural Community Partners

Reminder next Farm Office Live!
May 28 @ 9:00 am - go.osu.edu/farmofficelive

Thank you for attending!

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